

Dependence of electrical properties of composition material from the structure of the matrix

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In the context of rising energy costs and the need to use new energy sources, works aimed at raising the surface temperature of heat radiators with reduced energy consumption are of particular importance, and it is especially important if these processes are also accompanied by the effects of self-stabilization. Bulk materials do not possess these properties. However, materials whose dielectric matrix is also an active element can provide up to 10 - 30 % of the thermal energy that will be released in the material, thereby increasing the surface temperature and without increasing energy consumption. Therefore, the study of composite materials with different matrices is relevant.

This article the influence of the matrix material on the electrical properties of composite materials was examined. It was established that the microstructure morphology of resistive materials changes significantly depending on the matrix type. In composites based on matrix AlN, for the entire range of concentrations HfC, conducting cluster is formed with a metallic conductivity. For composite systems Al₂O₃-HfC and Si₃N₄-HfC thermoactivated hopping conduction between nearest neighboring states observed. Thus, for materials based on Si₃N₄ matrix at temperatures up to 300 °C observed reduction of charge carriers concentration with increasing temperature.

The approximation of the temperature dependence of the electrical conductivity was carried out on the basis of the following possible variants of the nature of the electrical conductivity, namely: jump conductivity (nonlocalized states, localized states in the tails of conduction and valence bands, localized states near the Fermi level), tunneling.

It can be assumed that the formation of conductive clusters occurred under the influence of two factors: magnetic field and mechanical loading. When using the AlN matrix, the influence of the magnetic field on the structure formation is smallest. This conclusion can be drawn from the fact that the formed conductive clusters have the appearance of a linear chain structure.

Key words: AlN matrix, matrix material, composition, metallic conductivity composite systems.

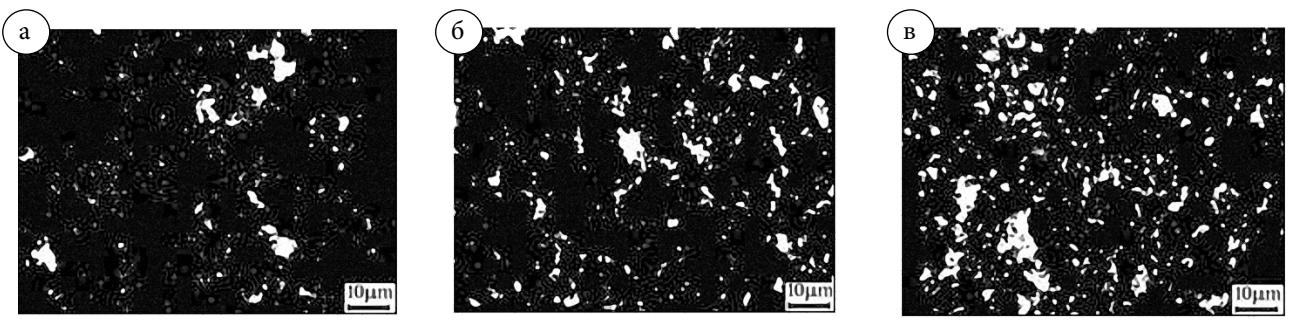
Інститут проблем матеріалознавства НАН України, Київ, Україна

	AlN,	HfC,	
	Al ₂ O ₃ -HfC	Si ₃ N ₄ -HfC	
Si ₃ N ₄	300		

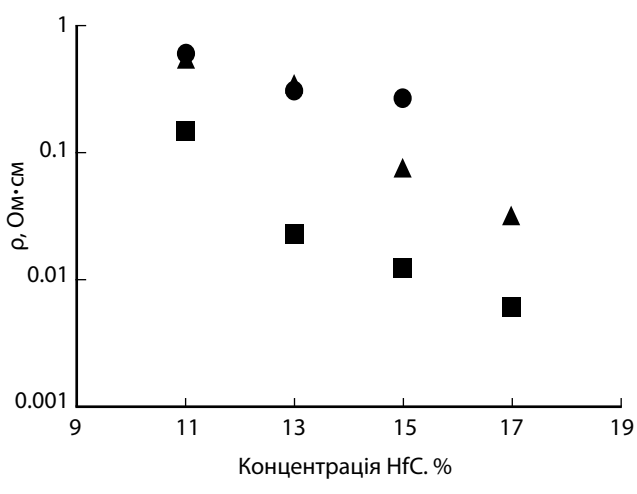
$\pm (0,005 \cdot U_{ycm} + 100)$
 $\pm (0,005 \cdot I_{ycm} + 1 \text{ mA})$
 $\pm (0,0006 \cdot U_{uzm} + 8d)$
 FLUKE – 189
 $\pm (0,0025 \cdot I_{uzm} + 0,2)$
 Raytek MX4 TD
 $\pm 0,0075 \cdot T_{uzm}$

f_c, i_c, s, i, t
 0,01.
 S S.
 AIN-HfC
 0,5 % 2,5 %, Al_2O_3 -HfC – 1,5 %
 6 %, Si_3N_4 -HfC – 0,5 % 3 %.
 1),
 HfC (. 2, 3).

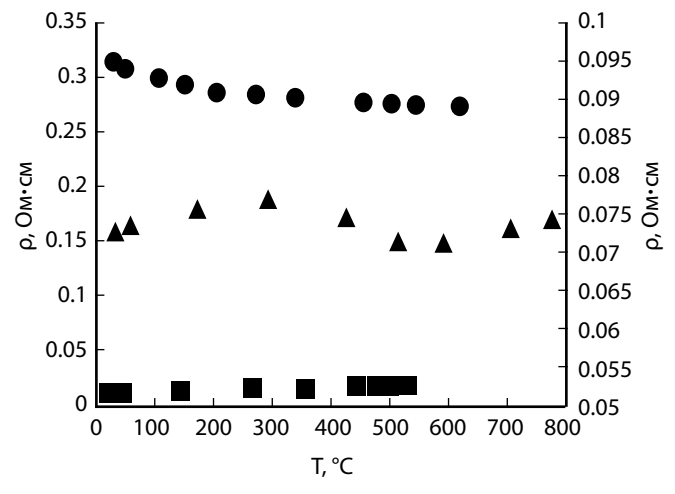
McLachlan'a [13]).



. 1.) Al_2O_3 ;) AIN;) Si_3N_4 . HfC – 11 . %



. 2. – Al_2O_3 , – Si_3N_4 , – AIN



. 3. – Al_2O_3 (), – AIN(),
 – Si_3N_4 ().
 HfC – 15 . %

.1, - , , 4 %

2. Si_3N_4 -

Si_3N_4 -

.2. .2,

HfC Al_2O_3 , Al_2O_3 HfC. -

HfC HfC (11 . %) -

HfC AlN Si_3N_4 20 - 0,1 - 1 . -

Si_3N_4 3 - 5 , -

Al_2O_3 2 HfC - Al_2O_3 -HfC Si_3N_4 -HfC -

(1 - 1,5), HfC , - HfC 11 - 13 . -

Al_2O_3 , HfC , - Si_3N_4 -HfC -

Al_2O_3 -HfC -

: - AlN. -

AIN. -

AIN .3. -

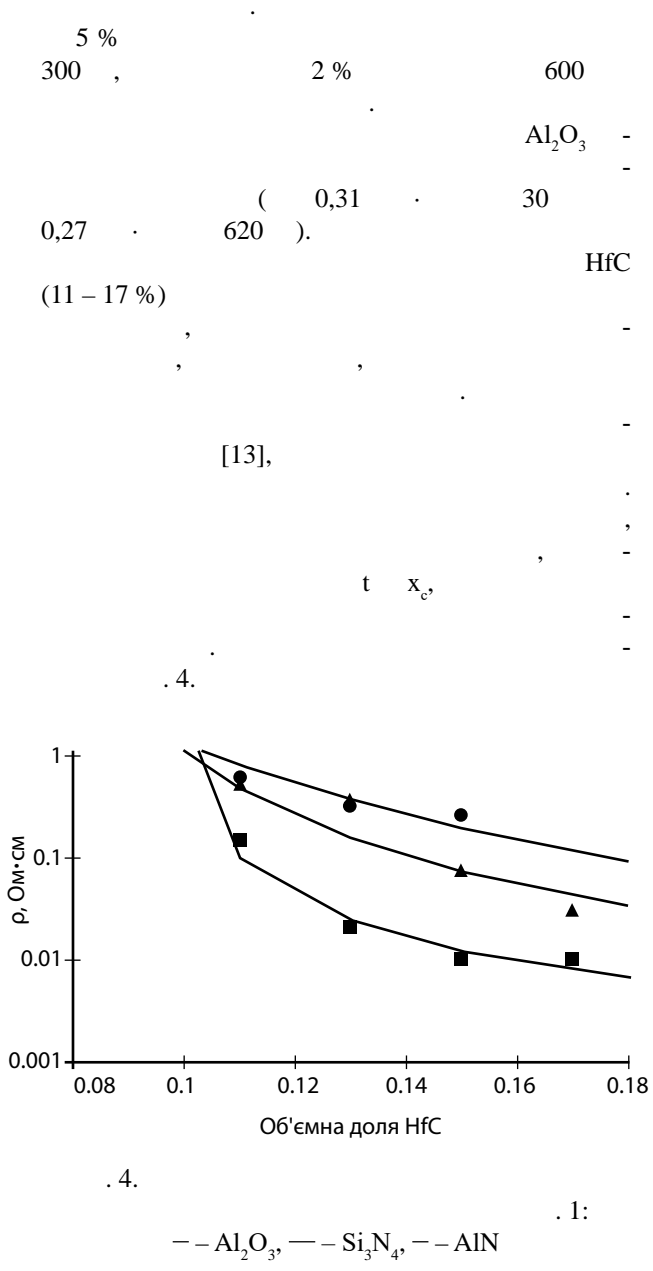
.3, AIN -

0,012 . 20 0,017 . 530 (). -

Si_3N_4 , - Si_3N_4 -

2. , .1

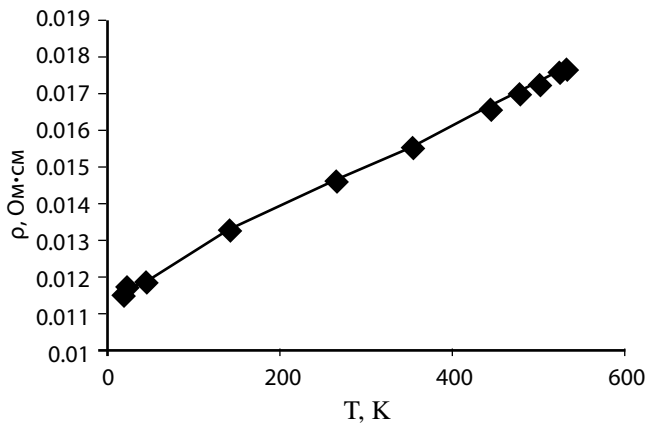
	AlN	Si_3N_4	Al_2O_3
,	0,079	0,146	0,053
,	1,652	1,816	1,579
,	20,223	11,331	33,454



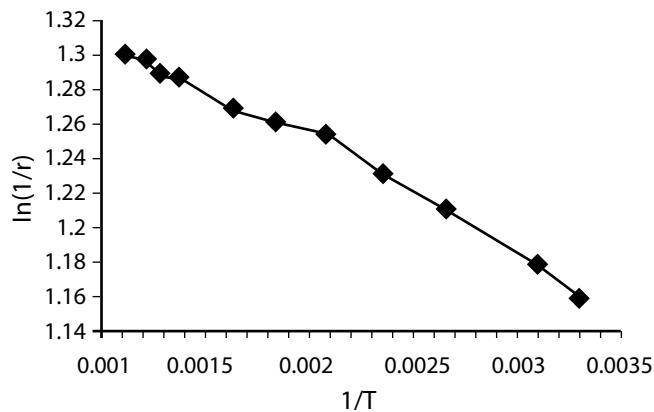
3. AlN-HfC .
 Al_2O_3 i AlN
 t , 2,2
 $\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4\text{-HfC}$,
 AlN-HfC ,
 HfC
 $(0,5)$.
 $(0,5)$
 $5,3 \cdot 10^{-3}$
 Si_3N_4
 $0 - 300$
 300 500
 $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3\text{-HfC}$,
 $()$

	t	x_c
AlN-HfC	1,35	0,099
$\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4\text{-HfC}$	2,2	0,08
$\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3\text{-HfC}$	1,1	0,08

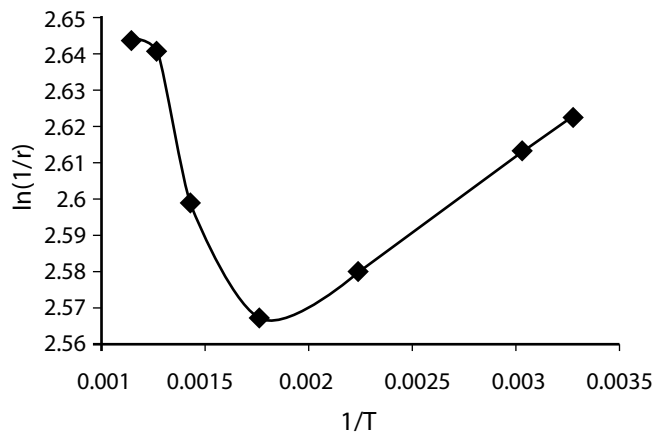
$1,19 \cdot 10^{-2}$
 HfC 11 17% (.5,).
 $1,84 \cdot 10^{-2}$
 AIN-HfC,
 Si_3N_4 -HfC,
 1.
 HfC
 Si_3N_4
 Al_2O_3
 Al_2O_3
 AIN
 2.
 AIN, HfC,
 (0,00085 1/K 40 0,00065 1/K
 300)
 3.
 Al_2O_3 -HfC Si_3N_4 -HfC
 HfC.
 Si_3N_4 300
 4.
 AIN-HfC,
 Si_3N_4 -HfC,
 : - AIN, - Al_2O_3 , - Si_3N_4 .
 HfC - 15 .%



(a)



(b)



(b)

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