

258. 5. 271/3 + 581. 9(26)

..
-
99011 , . , 2,

(,)
(, 1983).

С

© . . , 2008

(, , 2006).

1972 .
(.)
2000 2005 .

0,2-0,5

1969.

(*D*)

(*K*) (, 1964).

R (

(*J*_{1,2})

(, 1975).

30-

32 21 , 9 (28 %)

Chlorophyta, 6 (19 %) – *Phaeophyta* 17 (53 %) – *Rhodophyta*.

8 (1984 .) 19 (1998 .),

12 . C 1972 1996 .

(8-13) .

90- (. 1).

7 (1984 .) 14 (1998 .)

90-

(*R* = 12,5-37,5 %). 100 %-

Ulva rigida C. Ag. – *ystoseira crinita* (Desf.) Bory.

R

Gelidium,

Laurencia, *Chondrophycus*, *R* 87,5 %.

(45 %),

($J_1 = 0,6$; $J_2 = 0,8$)

24

60 %, 37,1 %.

1988 1998 ., 1990 1998 ., 1990 2002 ., 2001 2002 .

10 .

(., 2004).

Chlorophyta

1 6 1988 1998 . 1972,

1984 1990 . *Ulva rigida*, -

Cladophora sericea (Huds.) Kütz. *Cystoseira*

crinita, (1 3),

(1998 .) *Chlorophyta*. 1972 1996 .

Rhodophyta (4-5),

Rhodophyta . 1988 .,

Chlorophyta.

(%) *Phaeophyta* 2002 ., *Rhodophyta*,

1990 .,

Chlorophyta, *Phaeophyta* *Rhodophyta*

1988 1998 . (2:1:1 2:1:2),

1990 2002 . (3:1:2 3:1:3).

C

(62,5-87,5 %), (25 %)

(. . 1).

44 % 1972 . 60 % 1996 .

I. -

	1972	1984	1988	1990	1996	1998	2001	2002
, ./%								
	-	-	2/15	1/12	-	2/11	3/18	2/15
	4/44,5	4/50	5/38	4/50	6/60	7/37	5/29	6/46
	5/55,5	4/50	6/47	3/38	4/40	10/52	9/53	5/38
	-	-	1/7,7	-	-	1/5,5	-	-
-	2/22	1/12,5	4/31	2/25	3/30	5/27,5	6/35	4/31
	7/78	7/87,5	8/61,3	6/75	7/70	12/67	11/65	9/69
	7/78	7/88	10/77	8/100	8/80	16/84	12/71	11/85
C	1/11	-	1/8	-	1/10	1/5	2/12	1/7,5
	1/11	1/12	2/15	-	1/10	2/11	3/17	1/7,5
	3/33	2/25	7/54	3/38	4/40	9/47	8/47	5/38
	5/56	5/62,5	4/31	5/62	6/60	7/37	6/35	8/62
	1/11	1/12,5	2/15	-	-	3/16	3/18	-
(), .								
<i>Chlorophyta</i>	2(2)	1(1)	6(4)	2(2)	3(3)	6(4)	5(3)	3(2)
<i>Phaeophyta</i>	3(2)	2(2)	3(3)	1(1)	2(2)	4(3)	2(2)	1(1)
<i>Rhodophyta</i>	4(4)	5(4)	4(4)	5(4)	5(4)	9(7)	10(7)	9(8)

6 12

1998-2002 . -
 2-7 , 1972 2001 . -
 (*Rhizoclonium tortuosum*
 (Dillw.) Kütz.) 1988 1998 .
 (%) -

1998 . , , 2001-2002 . -

. 1978 2003 . 29

18 , , ,

(43 %). 25 32 % -

16 . 1997 2003 . 11 18,

, , R, 100 %, : -

Dilophus fasciola (Roth) Howe, - *Chondrophyucus papillosus* (C. Ag.)

Garbary et Harper *Ceramium ciliatum* (J. Ellis) Ducluz., (62 %

) (34 %

). 25-50 %, (1,0 1,3)

, , -

K_I, 41,3 %.

1987 . (53 %), 1997 2002 . (48 %). 1997 2003 . (60 %), 1978

(1978 .)

9 .

, *C. sericea*.

, 2-6

2003 . (80

100 %) *C. crinita* *D. fasciola* -

Phaeophyta

50 %

1978 . *Rhodophyta* ,

1987

2002 . (1:1:2).

(19,0-54,5 %) 3-6

, -

, -

1978 . 2002 .
 4 , 25 % . 2003 .
 -
 -
 2002 . *Enteromorpha intestinalis* (L.) Nees.
 -
 2003 .
 . 1997 2002 .
 .
 , - (%)
 , , , -
 , , , , -
 - . 1997
 2002 . - , ,
 , , .
 2002 . , 1987, 1997,
 ,
 -
 90- - 2000 .
 1978 .
 . 70-80- .
 . 1984 2005 .
 36 , *Chlorophyta* 9
 (25 %), *Phaeophyta* - 10 (28 %) *Rhodophyta* - 17 (47 %) .
 (Ch:Ph:Rh =
 1:1:2). 9 16
 . (14) ,
 2002 .
Chlorophyta
 : - 2 2005 . 4 2002 ., - 2 2005 . 3
 1984 2002 . (33,3 %)

2.

		, . -2/%					
	1984	2984,6	38,1/1,3	2895,5/97	51,0/1,7	<i>Cystoseira barbata</i> , 1964/65,8	<i>Cladostephus spongiosus</i> , 557,0/18,7
	2002	3340,8	140,0/4,2	3076,0/92,1	124,8/3,8	<i>C. crinita</i> , 3076,0/92,1	-
	2005	493,47	44,36/9	362,04/73	87,07/18	<i>C. barbata</i> , 351,0/71,1	<i>Enteromorpha intestinalis</i> , 43,6/8,8; <i>Chondrophyucus papillosus</i> , 88,4/ 7,8; <i>Poplysiphonia subulifera</i> , 38,6/7,8
	2000	457,7	32,2/7	227,0/48	216,5/45	<i>C. crinita</i> , 38,4	<i>Ceramium ciliatum</i> , 26,1
	2002	891,0	216,4/24	333,3/37	341,3/38	<i>C. crinita</i> , 17,5	<i>C. spongiosus</i> , 15,5; <i>E. linza</i> , 14,4
	2003	1655,8	167,0/10	1404,8/85	84,0/5	<i>Cladostephus spongiosus</i> , 40,1	<i>Padina pavonica</i> , 21,1
	2005	4192,0	260,3/6	3470,5/83	461,2/11	<i>C. crinita</i> , 51,2	<i>C. spongiosus</i> , 19,4
	2002	1879,8	126,8/7	880,3/47	872,7/46	<i>C. crinita</i> , 46,83	<i>C. diaphanum</i> , 31,9
	2003	4617,8	80,8/2	4254,6/92	282,4/6	<i>C. crinita</i> , 90,9	-
	2005	6042,85	15,45/0,3	5862,3/97	165,1/2,7	<i>C. crinita</i> , 51,0	<i>C. barbata</i> , 34,3

1984 2002 .,
Rhodophyta

Chlorophyta

Cystoseira,

.C

39
Phaeophyta

28
Chlorophyta

Rhodophyta,

14-34 11-23
 2005 2000 2002 2003
 (19

17-18).
 2000 2003 .(1:1:1).
R : 25
 100 % . 15 %

. 31 %
 (75 %).
 (54 %),

26,3-57,1 % 40,5 %.

2003 *K_J*

(49 %)

2005 2-3

2-5

(%)

(

)

2002 . 2005 ., - 2000

,
 . 2

Phaeophyta,
 2005 . 15 .
Phaeophyta *Rhodophyta* , - *Chlorophyta*
Rhodophyta.
 2005 . *Chlorophyta*
 ,
Phaeophyta 2003 .,
Rhodophyta
C. crinita, 17,5-
 51,2 % . 2003 . *C. spongiosus* (Huds.) C.
 Ag. , - ,
 2002 2005 .
 5 *Phaeophyta*.
 . 2002 2005 . 28
 20 .
 (16 , 57 %),
 (7 , 25 %), - (5 , 18 %).
 ,
 67 %,
 50 %
Rhodophyta.
 ($J_1=J_2=0,8$), -
 K_J (27 %).
 (57 %)
 (43 %).
 ,
 ,
 .
Chlorophyta *Rhodophyta*
 , - 2005 .

Phaeophyta (54-65 %), (40-62 %), (77-90 %), (54-80 %) (%), 1879,8 ·⁻² 6042,9 ·⁻² 0,25 6,74 % 2003 2005 92-97 % 5 *Phaeophyta* *C. crinita*, (91 %) 2003 ., 50 % *C. barbata* *Ceramium diaphanum* (Lihtf.) Roth. 2003 *C. crinita*. 1972 2005 . 54 *Rhodophyta* (57,4 %), - *Chlorophyta* - 22,2 % *Phaeophyta* - 20,4 % (. 3). . 12 , 22,2 % *R* (100 %) . 10 75 % 60 % (*R* = 20-50 %). (*R* > 50 %) 41 %, (*R* = 25-50 %) - 59 % (*R* < 25 %)

3. -

					- (%)
	70-	80-	90-	2000-	
<i>Chlorophyta</i>	- / . . %				100
	<u>2/2</u> 12,0	<u>8/5</u> 28,0	<u>6/4</u> 28,6	<u>11/6</u> 21,0	
<i>Phaeophyta</i>	<u>8/7</u> 47,0	<u>8/7</u> 28,0	<u>4/4</u> 19,0	<u>11/10</u> 21,0	100
<i>Rhodophyta</i>	<u>7/6</u> 41,0	<u>13/11</u> 44,0	<u>11/9</u> 52,0	<u>31/8</u> 58,0	100
/	17/15	29/23	21/17	53/33	
- , ./%					
	10/59,0	18/62,0	11/52,0	34/64,2	100
	5/29,0	7/24,0	9/43,0	14/26,4	100
	2/12,0	4/14,0	1/5,0	5/9,4	100
	14/82,0	20/69,0	13/62,0	38/72,0	100
-	3/18,0	8/28,0	8/38,0	13/24,0	100
	-	1/3,0	-	2/4,0	50
	4/25,0	11/38,0	9/43,0	21/40,0	100
	9/50,0	13/45,0	9/43,0	20/38,0	100
	4/25,0	5/17,0	3/14,0	12/22,0	100
	15/88,0	24/83,0	18/86,0	38/72,0	100
	1/6,0	3/10,0	1/5,0	6/11,0	100
	1/6,0	2/7,0	2/9,0	9/17,0	100

(53 %)

70- 80- .
Phaeophyta, 80- 90- . - *Chlorophyta* *Rhodophyta*, 80- 2000- -

2000- (52), - 70-

Phaeophyta,

90- .

34 ,

Rhodophyta.

(3-6) *Cladophora*, *Enteromorpha*, *Ceramium* *Polysiphonia* *Chlorophyta*
Rhodophyta. 12 %

70-80- , 90-2000-
 2000- , 70-90- .
 100 %-
 18 ,
 , 9 15
 () ,

Chlorophyta *Rhodophyta*, *Phaeophyta*,
 , 19
 « », 12
 , 7- 1-
 () ,
 () ,
Chlorophyta

(.), , ()
 (.).
 – *Cystoseira crinita*.

(.).
 54 34 , , , 23
 27 %

Rhodophyta,
Chlorophyta Phaeophyta.
 100 %-

2000- ., – 70- , *Phaeophyta,*
 90- .

100 %-
 2000-

, – 70-90- .

()
Phaeophyta, *Chlorophyta*

I.K. Evstigneeva

A.O. Kovalevsky Institute of Biology of Southern Seas, National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine,
2, Nakhimov Pr., 99011 Sevastopol, Crimea, Ukraine

FLUCTUATIONS OR DIFFERENT YEARS CHANGEABILITY OF PHYTOCENOSIS OF THE
OFF-SHORE ECOTONE CONCERNING THE BAYS OF THE BLACK SEA

While long-termed investigating structure-functional features of the summer macrophytobenthos were highlighted as well as its fluctuations within the off-shore ecotone of the Black Sea. It was shown, that the most of ground phytocenosis features were undergone interannual wide range changes to be far fewer than that estimates indicating a stable level. A character of changes and the fact that more than a half of species have been constantly forming phytocenosis within different years enable to consider the state of macrophyte link as dynamically steady one to provide the whole biosystem with stability in time.

Keywords: macrophytes, Black Sea, off-shore ecotone, fluctuations, ecology-taxonomical diversity, biomass.

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... .. -
//
: 14. - , 2006. - . 16-33.
... : ... - ... - : ,
2004. - 264 .
-
// ... , 1969. - . 105-113.
... - : - , 1983. - 384 .
... - : - , 1964. - 447 .

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